Congres Lebrary

## WASHINGTON SENTINEL

BY BEVERLEY TUCKER, Ward's Building, near the Capitol, CITY OF WASHINGTON.

Daily, per annum, in advance.....\$10 00 Tri-Weekly..... 5 00 Weekly...... 2 00

To Clubs or Individuals, subscribing for five or more copies—
Tri-Weekly, per annum, in advance......\$3 00

Postmasters are requested to act as agents

## Miscellaneons.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT YOUR FURNI-TURE!—If not, call and examine our new and splendid stock of Rosewood, Mahogany, and Walnut FURNITURE.

Walnut FURNITURE.

Our stock is all new and well made, comprising nearly every article of cabinet furniture now in use, and many articles that are not to be found in

Large and splendid walnut and mahogany
Extension Tables Rosewood, mahogany, and walnut Bookcases
Do do do marble-top
Centre Tables

Rosewood, mahogany, and walnut Etagere do Buffet do do corner do do Wardrobes

Do do Wardrobes
Cottage Reception Chairs, covered with lasting
Rosewood, mahogany, and walnut Teapoys and
Sofa Tables
Walnut and mahogany Comodes
Do do Trays and Stands
Do do and iron Hatracks
Iron Bedsteads, Cribs, and Umbrella Stands
Marble-slabs, Gilt Brackets, and Gilt frame

Mahogany and Walnut Looking-glass Frame and Looking-glass Plates Curled-hair, shuck, palm-leaf, and Excelsion

Curled-hair, shuck, paint-lear, and factors mattresses.

We have also the newly invented elastic spiral spring mattress, which has given satisfaction to all who have used it. In nearly every instance where we have sold them they have returned with orders for more of the spring-bed bottoms. We believe their value to be inestimable.

Of furniture for common use we have too great the engagement to enumerate.

an assortment to enumerate, WIGHT & CROSBY. Louisiana avenue, opposite the Bank of Washington, near the corner of 7th street.

Notice the bedstead sign.

(m) Nov 22—1m

CHINA, GLASS, AND EARTHENWARE ESTABLISHMENT. 7th street, between Louisiana avenue and D street. ceived, from the north, a splendid assortment of China, Glass, and Earthenware; also, magnificent Girandoles and Lamps of many patterns, adapted for halls and parlors.

Paints, boiled and raw, linseed oil, putty, win-

dow glass, of every variety, always on hand. Clocks, brushes, &c., and every article for general housekeeping kept for sale. C. S. WHITTLESEY, 7th street. Nov 20-1y

CREEN'S INK ERASER and PAPER Cleaner for Bookkeepers, Clerks, and Literary Gentlemen.—A new kind of eraser or rubber, far superior to any article for the same purpose ever yet introduced; aside from its superior qualities as a pencil cleaner, it removes ink and other stains with more facility than the ordinal degree of the superior of the paper. nary scraper, and leaves the surface of the paper

Manufactured by the inventor and sold by COLLINS, BOWNE & CO., Branch of Sationers' Hall, Nos. 174 and 176 Pearl street; 11th street, 6 doors north of Penn-sylvania avenue, who are also sole agents for Green's Penail Rubber. Oct 7—tf (m)

WILLARD'S HOTEL.

WILLARD'S HOTEL.

THE ABOVE-NAMED ESTABLISHment will be reopened for the reception of
guests on Thursday, November 24. Since the
closing in June last the house has been completely renovated, enlarged, improved in ventilation,
warming, &c., and many improvements added requisite to the comfort of its guests.

With a practical knowledge of hotel keeping,
and personal attention to the business, the under
signed hopes to merit a share of the public patronage so liberally extended heretofore.

H. A. WILLARD.

Nov 11-d1m

NOTICE TO U. S. MAIL CONTRACTORS AND THE PUBLIC.
AUDITOR'S OFFICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
November 1, 1853.

TT HAS BEENLONG THE PRACTICE of this office to pay the drafts drawn and nego-tiated by contractors for carrying the United States mails, for the amounts, respectively, of their quarterly pay. It was established to accommo-date the contractors, and meet their necessities, in advance of the regular and slower process of pay ing by the drafts or warrants of the department and was intended only to apply to one draft per route from each contractor for the whole amount, (deducting fines, collections, &c.,) of his quarterly pay; but it has been, and is quite generally so misunderstood, as to be supposed to allow any number of drafts, and for any amount, not exceeding in the aggregate, the contract pay for the quar-ter. A privilege conceded for accommodation (for it was never anything more) has thus been made forced upon it the settlement of the private accounts of contractors, and thrown upon the ex-changes of the country, with a quasi sanction of this office, a species of paper currency unauthor-

ized by the laws.

It not unfrequently occurs, too, that this office i exposed to great and unnecessary risk in deter-mining upon the genuineness of the signatures to the assignments or endorsements of the various persons through whose hands these drafts are made to pass before their presentation.

nade to pass octore their presentation.

It is therefore deemed proper to give this public notice to contractors, and all concerned, that from and after the 1st day of January, 1854, but one and after the 1st day of January, 1934, but one draft for the pay upon each route per quarter will be payed, or filed for payment, in this office. This draft should state upon its face, that it is the only one for the quarter and the route (both to be specified) on which it is drawn; and the signature thereto should be attested by the postmaster at the place where it may be drawn, and one other witness; and each assignment thereof should be attested by two

WM. F. PHILLIPS, Auditor of the Treasury for the P. O Department

NATIVE WINES.-I have just received of Cincinnati, the following pure native grape

30 boxes sparkling Catawba. 30 do. 20 do. dry do. ladies', or sweet wine. 1 cask superior Catawba brandy.
100 baskets pure Champagne, of my own importation, landing now in New York, by packet South America, from Havre.

P. JOST

Pennsylvania avenue, between 17th and 18th sts., agent for the above wine

BRANCH OF STATIONERS' HALL, Nos. 174 and 176 Pearl street, New York.

COLLINS, BOWNE & CO., Importers of foreign and dealers in domestic stationery, are now offering one of the largest and best selected stocks to the trade that can be found in this market. lected stocks to the trade that can be found in this market. Our stock comprises all the various styles and qualities wanted in the United States and Canadas, consisting of bath post, plain and gilt edge; plain, gilt, and embossed note; cap, letter, commercial note, commercial packet, and folio post; flat cap, demy, medium royal, sup. royal; American and English drawing papers; plain, embossed, and colored cards; card, perforated, Bristol, bonnet, and straw boards; blank, pass, and memorandum books, of every variety; fancy, mar ble, and colored papers, at very low prices. Gold pens, with and without silver holders, and steel pens, cutlery, &c., with an endless assortment of stationers' goods, and envelopes of every description.

11th st., 6 doors north of Penn. avenue.

11th st., 6 doors north of Penn. avenue. ETTER AND FOOLSCAP PAPERS ruled and plain, from \$1 25 to \$7 50 per ream or sale by COLLINS, BOWNE & CO.,

r sale by COLLINS, BOWNE & CO.,
11th st., six doors north of Penn. avenue,
Branch of Stationers' Hall, 174 and 176,
Oct. 11—tf. (m) Pearl street, New York.

## WASHINGTON SENTINEL.

VOL. 1.

## DAILY.

NO. 57.

CITY OF WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 30, 1853.

Botels, Restaurants, Boarding Bouses. BROWN'S MARBLE HOTEL,

WASHINGTON CITY. T. P. Brown.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, NO. 223, CHESTNUT ST., ABOVE 7TI Philadelphia. A. F. GLASS, PROPRIETOR.

OUR HOUSE, BY CHARLES G. THOMPSON, THIRTEENTH STREET, RICHMOND, VA

Sep 24-tf A LEXANDER HAKER'S (late of Va.)
Potomac House, Pennsylvania avenue, a
few doors east of 41 street, Washington.

FRESH NORFOLK OYSTER'S, THE and Friday, by the steamer Osceola, direct from Norfolk, a supply of the celebrated LYNN HAVEN BAY and NORFOLK OYSTERS, a most delicious

rticle.

His BAR is well supplied with the best liquors
All kinds of GAME in season.

WM. RUPP,
Penn. avenue, north side, bet. 3d and 44 streets

TRVING HOTEL, Washington.—The subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the travelling public that he has taken charge of this large and well-known establishment, which has been completely and elegantly refitted and refurnished in every department. Having had charge for a long time of French's Hotel, Norfolk, and the Hotel at Old Point, and being experience of the property of the property of the service rienced in all the details requisite to form a Hotel of the first class, he assures the public that every exertion will be made to render the Irving in every respect deserving of their confidence and support.

D. D. FRENCH.

Our stock at present is full, and of the best and newest styles, both of goods to make to order and of garments already made.

It is our purpose to keep none but the best quality of goods, of the various kinds and most fashionable styles. Garments ready made as good as bespoke work, and at less prices.

Also a constant and good supply of fine Shirts, of good cut and make: woollen, cotton and silk Undershirts and Drawers, and many other pretty and good articles for gentlemen's use.

YOUNG & OREM,
Merchant Tailors and Clothiers, Brown's Hotel.

Nov 3—2wif

Nov 3-2wif

P. W. BROWNING, Merchant Tailor, under the United States Hotal having P. under the United States Hotel, having enlarged and improved his store, would now respectfully call the attention of citizens, and strangers visiting Washington, to his well-selected stock of French and English cloths, cassimeres, and vestings, of the newest and most elegant styles of goods from the New York market.

ings, of the newest and most elegant styles of goods from the New York market.

Having had twenty years' experience in the purchase of goods from the best importing houses in the United States, with such advantages as will enable him to offer them to the public on such terms as will give entire satisfaction to the purchasers, and, in view of increasing his business, he has purchased an unusual large stock of goods, such as will defy competition for their beauty, style, and cheapness.

All he asks is a call before you purchase elsewhere, and he will convince you that you will

where, and he will convince you that you will save your money by so doing. A suit of clothes can be made up in the most elegant style at twelve hours' notice. Superior Ready-made Clothing.

I have on hand a superior assortment of ready made clothing, of my own work, made up in the most fashionable manner, such as overcoats in various styles, frock and dress coats, and als pants and vests, which will be sold at much les Price than work made to order.

N. B. Sole agent for Scott's report of Fashion for the District

NIEW FALL STYLES OF GENTLE men's Furnishing Goods.—CHARLES H LANE has just returned from New York, and i now opening a large and elegant assortment of Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks, Ties, Gloves, Suspenders Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, &c., together with a other articles usually found in a first-class estab

lishment.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock, which will be cheerfully exhibited to all with polite attention. Reasonable prices and fair dealing may be relied upon.

LANE'S Hat, Cap, and Gentlemen's
Furnishing Establishment, Penn. av., near 44 St.

A NEW THING ENTIRELY.—The most astonishing performance heard of! Barrels, firkins, kegs, and all description of cooper-work, made and finished, without a defect, air-tight, and smooth enough to varnish, entirely by machinery.

The timber is taken in the bolt, the staves are sawed hollowing, and with the grain, cut of a uniform length, dressed perfectly smooth in and outside, of a uniform thickness, jointed with perfect accuracy, each having its proportionate bilge according to its width, and the strength of each fully tested; the cask is howelled, chamfered, croase cut, heads the cask is howelled, chamfered, croase cut, head turned, and the whole prepared for the hooping process in a manner so perfect, complete, and superior a finish, that we challenge the world to produce the equal, and that at the rate of from two produce the equal, and that at the rate of from two hundred to three hundred per day to each machine. By this process, all casks can be made, from the smallest white-lead keg, to the largest size cask in general use; all of which, can be warranted to hold the most subtle fluids, or adapted to the packing of any description of goods. In fact, the machinery cannot make an imperfect article, unless the fault is exclusively in the timber.

Persons desirous of purchasing the right to use this machinery in the States of Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri, or the eastern half of Pennsylvania, can obtain any information by applying to the subscriber at Washington City, D. C., who is sole proprietor for that portion of territory, under

is sole proprietor for that portion of territory, unde an assignment from Wm. Trapp, the patentee. ALLAN POLLOCK.

To the Ladies of Washington, Georgetown, Alex andria. &c.

andria. §c.

HENRY WEIRMAN'S ladies, misses, and children's French shoes are sold by the undersigned, on 15th street, just above Corcoran & Riggs's Banking House, in his new building, with the high marble steps, where he will receive ladies' orders, and keep constantly on hand every variety of ladies', misses, and children's French gaiter walking shoes, white and black satin gaiters, slippers, &c., made to order by H. Weirman, of Philadelphia, of the best French gaiter materials, and in the latest Parisian styles. These gaiters are entirely different from what are generally known as "slop-shop shoes;" being all custom work, of superior workmanship, and warranged to give perfect satisfaction.

give perfect satisfaction.

Ladies, who value beauty, comfort, and econ omy, will consult their interest by giving me call, and examine for themselves.

C. WEIRMAN,
15th street, just above Corcoran & Riggs's
Nov. 9—lyeo. (m) Banking House C. WARRINER & CO.,

Pennsylvania avenue between 9th and 10th streets DEALERS IN WATCHES, JEWELRY
Silverware, and Fancy Articles. Also
Watchmakers and Jewellers.

Watchmakers and Jewellers.

The Chronometer, Duplex, and all the varieties of Watches of a good quality, put in order.

Watches, Jewelry, and work from our establishment warranted as we represent.

Cooper, Adams, Hutton, Jules Jurgensen, Patek Philippe, and a variety of Swiss and English made.

Philippe, and a variety of Swiss and English made watches. done with care and dispatch. Business of the Up per Peninsula will receive prompt attention. Diamond, Ruby, Pearl, Opal. Garnet, Jet work C. WARRINER, Nov 2—2weod H. SEMKEN.

Agencies and Zaw Offices.

A GENCY AT WASHINGTON.—To Claimants.—FRANCIS A. DICKINS continues to undertake the agency of claims before Congress and other branches of the government, including commissioners under treaties, and the various public offices. He will attend to preemption and other land claims, the procuring of patents for the public lands, and procuring scriptor Virginia bounty land warrants, and the confirmation by Congress of grants and claims to lands, claims for property lost in or taken for the service of the United States; property destroyed by the Indians, or while in the possession of the United States; invalid, revolutionary, navy, widows, and half-pay perisions; claims for revolutionary services, whether for commutation, half-pay, or bounty lands; also, claims for extra and back pay, &c., of soldiers, sailors and marines; as well those against the State of Virginia, as the United States; all claims, growing out of contracts with the government, for damages sustained in consequence of the aciton or conduct of the government; and, indeed, any business before Congressor the public offices which may require the aid of an agent or attorney. His charges will be moderate, and depending upon the amount of the claim and the extent of the service.

Mr. F. A. Dickins is known to most of those who A GENCY AT WASHINGTON .- To Claimants.-FRANCIS A. DICKINS con-

Mr. F. A. Dickins is known to most of those who have been in Congress within the last few years, or who have occupied any public attention at or who have occupied any public attention at Washington.
His office is on Fifteenth street, opposite to the Treasury Department, and next door to the Bank of the Metropolis.
All letters must be postpaid.
Sep 23—1yd (m)

To EDITORS AND PERSONS having business at the seat of government.—The undersigned are now making arrangements to establish in the city of Washington "A National Correspondence Office," for the purpose of supplying editors throughout the country with the earliest and most important news from the national meteorolic

and most important news from the national metropolis.

They have just closed arrangements with two of the most expert stenographers in the Union to furnish them daily reports of the proceedings and doings in Congress, from which they will collate and prepare terse and piquant sketches that must prove interesting to the general reader.

Our correspondence will embrace every subject interesting to the public, and, as we are not the "organ" of any party, we shall be enabled to gratify the wishes of all who may desire our services.

We have the very best facilities for obtaining the most reliable information from the different departments of the government at Washington All persons having pension or other claims upon the general government will promote their interests by corresponding with us before employing agents at Washington.

agents at Washington.

Terms such as to justify every country editor throughout the Union to keep his readers well posted upon all matters of interest transpiring at Washington, whilst the large dailies will find it to their advantage to open with us a correspondence JOHN C. BOWYER,

H. C. McLAUGHLIN. Nov 12-6t

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE.

ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY OF PHILA Security, Stability, and Perpetuity.

Premium Payments made Easy and Convenient Fund, January 1, 1851, \$306,029 04.

Office in Washington City, corner 41/2 st. and Penn. avenu System cash, dividends cash, no scrip and credits. the value of which none can tell, because not con-vertible; but cash premiums, cash dividends, and losses paid in cash is the system of this office. All losses paid in cash is the system of this office. All its operations are in cash, the amount insured consequently on settlement day is never reduced; on the contrary, increased; thereby holders of policies are never disappointed. More than this, policies in force, of two years standing, for life, will at any time be purchased upon surrender, and one-fourth to two-thirds of the whole amount of premiums paid to the office returned to such. See presents.

For terms, which will be accommodating, apply to Colonel M. Cooke, Norfolk, to Wilson & Grice, William H. Wilson, Portsmouth, or to the subscriber.

P. S.—Persons purchasing this valuable property, can be supplied with timber, either through the canal, or down the railroad.

J. K. C. Raleigh (North Carolina) Standard and Baltinger of the canal of the c paid to the office returned in cash. See prospectuses. Charles G. Imlay, secretary. S. R. Craw

FORD, president. PLINY SMITH, actuary.
J. E. NORRIS, Agent, Washington City.
JOHN RICHARDS, M. D., Med. Adviser Duval's building, Penn. avenue, near 41 st.

AW NOTICE. SIDNEY S. BAXTER Alate attorney general of Virginia, has removed to Washington to practice law.

He will practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the courts of the District of Columbia, and attend to any professional business con fided to him. Office in Morrison's new building on 44 street

east of Pennsylvania avenue. REFERENCES. Hon. J. J. Allen, Hon. Wm. Daniel, Hon. Richard Moncure, Hon. G. B. Samuels Hon. G. H. Lee, of the Court of Appeals Virginia.
To the Judges of the Circuit Courts of Virginia To the senators and members of Congress from

Sep 21-1yeod. MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COM-PANY OF NEW YORK. Capital \$100,000, paid in and securely

A. A. ALVORD, PRESIDENT. Among its directors are Ambrose C. Kingsland Silas C. Herring, George D. Phelps, John I Brown, Edwin D. Morgan, Myudert Van Schaiel and other substantial men of New York.

Insurances made upon the most favorable term.

C. B. ADAMS, Agent,

Office 9th street, opposite the Patent Office
Oct 16—colm (m) GENERAL AGENCY.—Taylor & Collins of will prosecute claims of every description against the government, before the departments or Congress. Procure pensions, bounty lands extra pay, and arrearages of pay. They will attend to the buying and selling of real estate, the renting of houses, and a general collecting business.

ness.

They will also furnish parties at a distance with such information as they may desire from the sea of government.

Charges will be moderate. REFERENCES:
Hon. Jefferson Davis, Secretary of War.
Hon. James C. Dobbin, Secretary of the Navy
Nicholas Callan, President Board Common General John M. McCalla, Attorney at Law.

James H. Caustin.
W. C. Riddell, State Department.
Office on F street, immediately opposite Windbuilding, Washington, D. C.
Sep 28—6mod&w. ATEW YORK, May 2, 1853 .- The under

william street, (Merchants' Exchange,) for the transaction of a general brokerage business. transaction of a general brokerage business.

Bank, insurance, mining, railroad, governmen

State, and city securities bought and sold.

Promissory notes, bills of exchange, and loar egotiated. Sep 21—dtf

EMANUEL B. HART. J. D. Winter. THE UNDERSIGNED offer their service to prosecute claims of every description be Congress and the different departments of th

Office on 14th street, opposite Willard's Hote Sep 29—tf BROWN & WINTER. JOHN W. McMATH, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Solicitor in Chaucery, and Notary Public, Mackinac, Michigan.

Oct. 14-tf.

Miscellaneons.

DORA COAL AND IRON MINING AND Manufacturing Company. Capital, One Million Dollars. Shares, \$10 each, paya-

Million Dollars. Shares, \$10 each, payable in instalments.

DOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTION TO THE stock of this Company are now open at the office of ADAMS & STEVENS, 9th st., opposite the Patent Office, where specimens of the coal may be seen. The company has 15,000 acres of anthractic coal lands, lying mostly in Augusta county, 135 miles southwest of Washington city, Staunton station, on the Virginia Central railroad, is within eighteen miles. The Manasses Gap railroad will reach within twelve. The Company proposes to build a railroad to connect with the Virginia Central and Manasses. When this is accomplished, it will be able to put coal in this city at \$2 per ton, thus enabling the company to make from \$2 to \$4 per ton profit, and of course making it one of the most profitable investments ever offered to the public. The lands abound in rich stratas of coal, from four to fourteen feet thick, and water free. There is also an inexhaustible supply of iron ore, similar to the Scotch and Welsh ores in quality and richness. The Dora is the only anthracite field known in the State of Virginia, and is nearer than any of the Cumberland mines by more than one hundred miles; consequently it enjoys, in respect to distance, advantage over any coal that comes to this city. The coal is about ninety per cent. carbon, and entirely free from sulphur; its ash is white.

ADAM RUDOLPH, President.

ADAM RUDOLPH, President. ADAM RUDOLPH, JAS. T. CLARKE, W. S. DUNHAM, C. Y. WEMPLE, A. NICHOLAS, ALFRED E. BEACH, Directors,

THOS. WILLIAMS, Jr.,
President Marine Bank, Treasurer.
No: 6—1w (Alexandria Gazette copy.) NE PLUS ULTRA HAVANA CIGAR STORE

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Under the National Hotel, Penn. Avenue. THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RE ceived, direct from Havana, the following oice brands of Cigars, which he can, with confidence, recommend to all epicures, as being of the most delicious flavor:

most delicious flavor:
Londres, Cabanas, (Londres,) Panetelas,
Rio Hundo, Cabanas, Victoria,
La India, Trabucos, El Delaite.
Consuelo, Consolacion,
Among his stock of Chewing Tobacco, the undermentioned favorite brands will be found:
Virginius, Pride of Virginia,
Diadem, Goodwin's Patent,
Koh-I-Noor

The Koh-I-Noor tobacco is put up in small near boxes, at \$5 each, or 37½ cents a plug, and is ac-knowledged to be the most palatable tobacco ever chewed.

Turkish pipes, smoking tobacco of superior quality, canes, umbrellas, razors, shaving soap, ean de Cologne, with a variety of miscellaneous articles always on hand.

G. S. McELFRESH,

Under the National Hotel.

Nov 17—3md (m)

AT PRIVATE SALE. A Good Chance for an Investment.

THE subscriber, intending to go south, offers a rare chance for an investment in his Steam Saw Mill Property, which is located on the east side of Crawford street, south of Market

This preperty fronts on Crawford street 564 feet, and runs back to the river channel about 800 or 1,000 feet, and when Water street is opened, it will have four fronts altogether. The engine is twenty-five horse-power. There will be no public sale of this property, and if not sold privately by the 15th of December, it will then be for rent.

For terms, which will be accommodating, apply

For terms, which will be accommodating, apply

nore Sun copy one month and send bills to thi Oct 23-2aw1m MANTELS, IRON RAILINGS, AND Spring Mattresses. The Mantels are a new, cheap, and beautiful article, manufactured upon stone, in imitation of the richest Marbles, of the most rare and desirable kinds. In style and finish they stand unequalled, and are not inju gas, smoke, or acids. At the north they are be coming extensively used, and give perfect satis

Builders and others wishing to purchase are quested to call and examine for themselves.

Also, Pier Slabs to match the Mantels, of the

name materials.

Iron Cemetery and other Fencing and Railings.

Will be kept constantly on hand, a variety of the constantly of the constant of the co Premium Spring

Premium Spring Mattresses, a new article, far apperior to anything of the kind now in use. R. HASKINS, Agent, Penn. avenue, south side, near 10th street

MEDICAL CARD.—Drs. R. & J. Hunter (physicians for diseases of the chest, &c., beg to announce that they will remove to New York on the 5th of December next, or as soon thereafter as they shall have completed desired professional arrangements in regard to their practice in Washington and Baltimore. The motive for this change is that of being more central and easy of access to those visiting them from distant parts of the Union.

Dr. James Hunter will, during the winter, vis ofessionally St. Augustine, Jacksonville, and the neipal resorts for invalids on the southern Dr. Robert Hunter will visit Washington and

Baltimore on professional business once in each month after December.

Will be published in January next an American edition of Sir Charles Scudamore's work on Inha-lation, with an "Introduction," "Notes," and an Appendix, by R. Hunter, M. R. C. S. Nov 16—1y (m)

A CARD.—SAMUEL W. TUCKER, Merchant Tailor, would respectfully announce to his patrons and friends that he has removed from his late place of business, and will for the present receive business calls at the store of Mr. Evan Hughes, corner of 13th street and Pennsylvania

vania avenue.

He is pleased to announce to his customers that the stock of goods to which he now invites their Nov. 8—Steod3w

ELECT CLASSICAL and Mathematical SCHOOL.—The subscriber has removed his school to College Hill, where a commodious building is being fitted up for its reception.

As the Preparatory Department of the Columbian College, it will continue to preserve the character of a strictly select school, designed for laying the foundation of a thorough English, Classical, and Mathematical education. The next session will commence on the 12th of September, and close on the last of June.

sion will commence on the 12th of September, and close on the last of June.

Terms: \$12 50 per quarter, payable in advance.

At a small additional charge, the students will be permitted to attend the Lectures delivered in College on Chemistry, Geology, and Mineralogy, and also to receive instruction in French and other Modern Languages by the Professor in that desertions.

partment.

Pupils may be boarded at the College, under the special care and superintendence of the Principal. The necessary expenses of a full boarding student will be about \$190 per academic year, and of a weekly boarder will not exceed \$150.

GEORGE S. BACON, Principal. GEORGE S. BACON, Principal.
Refers to the Faculty of the Columbian College;
Col. J. L. Edwards, Col. Peter Force, Wm. Gunton, Esq.; L. D. Gale, M. D., of the Patent Office;
Joseph Wilson, Esq., of the Land Office; and Professor C. C. Jewett, of the Smithsonian Institute.
Sep 21—1f Rooms to let--- Bonrd, &c.

FURNISHED PARLORS AND CHAMbers for rent on Pennsylvania avenue, south side, betwean 6th and 7th streets, the fourth house from 6th street. opposite Brown's Hotel. Apply to Mrs. D. E. Grovx. Also, a small store at the above place.

CONGRESSIONAL MESS of Eight or A congressional Mess of Eggt or ten can be accommodated with rooms and board at MRS. GILBERT'S, on Peansylvania avenue, between First and Second streets, opposite WANTED, by a Member of Congress, a comfortable sitting-room and bed room, with

comfortable sitting-room and bed room, with board, in the house of a private family of respectability. Possession required about the 20th inst. Address, with terms and other particulars, "NAS. POR RENT.—I have three fine rooms over my store, which I will rent very reasonable. They are large and airy, and the location desira-

able, as it is nearly an equal distance from all the C. R. BYRNE, Grocer, Southeast cor. 10th st. and avenue

N E W GOODS: Bargains for CASH:
EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION: Free Exhibition of the most splendid assortment of fall patterns, at the Metropolitan Paper Hanging and Upholstery Waverooms, No. 5, Washington Place, east side of 7th street, 5 doors south of E street. I would most respectfully inform the citi-zens of Washington, Georgetown, and vicinity, that I have just received from the manufacturers a that I have just received from the manufacturers a splendid assortment of Paper Hangings, of the richest designs and best finish, embracing all varieties and kinds—viz: Gold, Silver, Velvet, Satin, and Unglazed Papers, at all prices, from 10 cents to \$3 50 cents per piece. Borders of the richest patterns, ranging in price from 12½ cents to \$2 50 for nine yards. Window Shades from 37½ cents for nine yards. Window Shades from 374 cents to \$4, and upwards, according to quality.

Paper hung by the best workmen. All work warranted to give satisfaction. Designs for halls and vestibules are kept on exhibition. Statuary and ornamental work done in an artistic manner. Churches and halls papered and decorated after the Parisian and New York styles.

Unbelsters work done in the best manner and

Upholstery work done in the best manner, and t short notice, by skilful workmen. Particular attention is called to my 25 cent Satin Papers. My assortment is unrivalled by any other in this city. No trouble to show goods. A call is respectfully solicited. Doors open till 9 o'clock in the evening.

JOSEPH T. K. PLANT.

Sep 24—3meod (m)

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Sep 24—3meod (m)

NOTICE.—We shall apply to the Commissioner of the General Land Office of the United States for Scrip, under the Act of Congress of August 31st, 1852, on a Land Warrant, (No. 123), issued from the Land Office of Virginia, Feb. 12th, 1783, to John Hardyman, for his services as a Lieutenant of the Virginia State Line, in the War of the Revolution, which said Land Warrant has never been located or otherwise satisfied.

SAMPSON JONES, Jr., and other heirs of JOHN HARDYMAN, dec'd.

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PREMIUM AWARDED BY THE MARY-LAND INSTITUTE.

THE undersigned resspectfully invites the citizens of Washington and its vicinity to an inspection of his stock of BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &c., all of his own workmanship, and manufactured from the very best materials. Also, Boots and Shoes made to order from the finest French Calf Skips and Patent Legater, at a price.

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e, three doors north Penn avenue Nov 11-eo3m.

M EDICAL EXAMINATIONS.—THE undersigned will open rooms on the 1st of December, for the purpose of examining Medical students in the District of Columbia.

We propose to devote ourselves, at convenient hours, to daily examinations of students, especially in reference to the usual courses of Lectures deivered in the city of Washington.

The examinations will embrace, in their scope

Anatomy, Surgery, Obstetrics, Diseases of women and children, Physiology, Materia Medica, Principles and Practice of Medicine, Microscopical Anatomy, Chemistry, and the more important parts of medical jurisprudence.

The course, being confined solely to examinating the course, being confined solely to examinating the course, being confined solely to examinating the course of th tions, will continue daily, and will close the latter Suitable illustrations, by means of preparations

specimens, instruments, etc., will be affor ring the course,
WILLIAM H. SAUNDERS, M. D.,

Demonstrator of Anatomy in the National Medical College. ALEXANDER J. SEMMES, M. D., Physician to the United States Jail.
For tickets apply to Dr. Wm. H. Saunders, corner of 4½ street and Louisiana avenue, opposite the City Hall, or to Dr. A. J. Semmes, east side of 41 street, betwee: Pennsylvania and Missour

Washington, Cet. 2, 1853-2awtD1 Intelligencer.)

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Sep 24—eod2m.

Iron Hall. Sep 24-eod2m.

Dr. VAN PATTEN. SURGEON DENTIST. Penn. avenue, between 6th and 7th sts., next to Todd's Hat Store. Sep 21-4f

Interesting Letter of John Mitchell. The following letter from John Mitchell to his rmer editorial associate, Thomas Devin Reilly,

Washington Sentinel.

former editorial associate, Thomas Devin Kelly, now at Washington, has been sent to the New York Herald for publication. It is a private letter, written on the eve of his taking the hold step of es-caping, in the face of the authorities, without vio-BOTHWELL, VAN DIEMAN'S LAND, April 26, 1853.

MY DEAR REILLY: I have now passed nearly five years in captivity to the English enemy—four years, eleven months and fourteen daysdays have gone by heavily, and I had time to count them. If I endure it any longer, I fear the iron will enter into my soul and corrode—I fear the virtue, that is to say, the pluck will have gone out of me.

Nothing could be easier than to escape without risk from this den of all the devils, if we could but

condescend to fly clandestinely, in violation of our word of honor, It is enough to say, that to enter-tain this thought would make us as bad as the British government.

The parole is the only chain that binds us;

are the prisoners of our own word-not of Sir William Denison, and his abject, cut-throat constables.

Now, I am going to explain to you why I have come to the determination of formally withdrawing this parole, and surrendering myself into the hands of my jailers, who must, thereafter, hold me

as they can.

When the British government called me "fellon," by act of their canting parliament, I need not tell you, my friend how loudly they lied. I need not relate how viciously they coursed me through their pretended courts of justice—under how fraudulent a pretence of faw they procured what they falsely called a "conviction" against me, with what wicked speed they chained me what they falsely called a "conviction" against
me; with what wicked speed they chained me
and carried me to the ends of the earth—anywhere out of the sight of man, (for I was the enemy, thank God, of their empire, their name, and
their nation.) I need not remind you with what
barbarian joy their whole press screamed after
me, "convict." "felon!" "traitor!" nor how murder with the laws been civilizing our poor counderously they have been civilizing our poor country ever since. The present object of my writing is merely to put you in possession of some personal matters, which I wish to explain clearly to some It seems that we Irish exiles have been treated

with elemency by our enemies! This the queen's viceroy affirms; for this the canting press of England takes credit. We have been exempted, they say, from convict labor in the gangs, (which our crimes had deserved,) and have been indulged with comparative liberty and ticket of leave!

I mean first to give you a list of the queen o

that place, inasmuch that my health failed, and the medical superintendent informed me, and certified to the British government, that if detained there much longer I must die.

Fourth.—While I lay there between death and life, almost the only news that penetrated to me from the outer world, informed me of the indignation of the British parliament, press and public, against the generous officers of their pirate ships, (gentlemen worthy of an honester service,) because they had spoken to me courteously; because they had shaken hands with me; because they had suffered me to sit in their cabins. Chains, dungeon, and convict's rations, said the gree British public, were good enough for the telon. So the outraged admiralty had to make inquiries and give explanations to satisfy the angry public, and those worthy officers narrowly missed the honor of being cashiered from the pirate service. Now, you may judge whether all this ferment on such a subject must not have been more galling and stinging to a chained man than the actua

chains, dungeon and convict rations.

Fifth.—After a two months' delay, to consider the medical officer's report, I was at length put on the medical officer's report, I was at length put on board the Neptune experimental convict ship, des-tined to run a contraband cargo of felony at the Cape of Good Hope. The British ministers, in-deed, knew that I should most probably never land at the Cape, where, accordingly, I never did land; but after a five months' voyage to the Cape, and the months' detention at the Cape, and five months' detention at the Cape, all in a close, unclean, and unhealthy cavity, under the poop deck of the Neptune, her majesty's elemency ordered me to Van Diemen's Land. The voyage of the Neptune, from Bermuda to Van Diemen's Land, had lasted just one year, minus thirteen

days.

Sixth.--On my arrival here, quite disabled by long illness, I found that all the real criminals on board the Neptune, "in consideration of the hardships of their long voyage and detention," were to be land-ed free; but that I (though I also had had the long voyage and detention, and though these were a nucl greater hardship to me than to them) was still to be kept a prisoner. This was more than three years ago; and a prisoner I am still.

Seventh.—Before being allowed even the "comparative liberty" of a ticket of leave, a promise was exacted from me that I would not use that

was exacted from the that I would not use that comparative liberty to make my escape. Now, this idea of the parole was contrived, not out of courtesy, God knows, to us, but as a security to them—the only security they could have that we would stay one week in the island. About this there must be no mistake. If we had been dealt with here as any of the classes of real convicts with here as any of the classes of real convicts are—if we had got the ordinary ticket of leave wi hout parole, or had been hired out to settlers as "pass-holders," we would all instantly have left the island. Then if you ask, why give the prothe island. Then if you ask, why give the promise at all?—why not demand to be put on the footing of the genuine convicts at once?—the answer is, we had no such alternative. Mr. O'Briendid at first refuse, but instead of dealing with him as with an ordinary prisoner, they confined him in a remote jail, under custody as rigorous as mine was at Bermuda, whereby he also was in danger of losing his life. In short, the enemy desired to have the parole for their own security, not for our have the parole for their own security, not for our benefit; and they exacted it under the penalty of

benefit; and they exacted it under the penalty of a lingering death in a dungeon.

Eighth.—The governor of this colony, after first remonstrating with his employers about the consideration they showed us in treating us as "gentlemen"—that is, as persons capable of giving parole of honor at all—took care at least to make that high privilege as valueless to us as possible. We are subjected (notwithstanding the parole) to stricter police surveillance than the true convicts. We are not allowed to live in the same district, as common convicts are; nor to visit one another. common convicts are; nor to visit one another as common convicts may; we must report our selves to the police magistrate of our respective dungeon districts once a month, and that person ally, so that our keepers may see us face to face, and make us feel once a month that our parole is not altogether relied upon; whilst the real thieves not altogether relied upon; whilst the real thieves have only to report themselves twice in the year, and not personally. Within the last fortuight, too, while I was staying quietly at my "registered residence" here, a gentleman traveling through the country was arrested eighty miles off for me, under a warrant for my apprehension as an "absconder," and was kept three days and nights in watch-houses, where he was barbarously used, all in my name. This seems a gross outrage by far upon me—the sole apology made to either of the the thing was a mistake. You can see far vpon me—the sole apology made to either of us is, that the thing was a mistake. You can see, therefore, how our parole is respected on the enemy's side, and how much we get in return for giving them that security. This, however, is not all. The colonial government (in performance, no doubt, of its duty) has used all its social influ-

WASHINGTON SENTINEL

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serted gratuitously.

All correspondence on business must be prepaid. ence to prevent our being received into the hor of reputable persons, and to make intercourse with us damaging and disreputable. The governor has even complained, in published disparence, of our being admitted to decent society. And, of our being admitted to decent society. And, therefore, some colonists, who are sycophants of Sir William Denison, deem it their duty, as loyal subjects, to pretend to regard us as felous, and expostulate with the honest people who refuse to make such pretence, and whose kind attentions have been the chief alleviation of our misfortune.

have been the chief alleviation of our misfirtune. I do not pretend to judge of the duties of juilors, nor to decide whether Sir William Denison has executed his office with good taste and good feeling—a question which I leave to be determined by a jury of jailors, and for the benefit of persons following that pursuit. But imagine, if you can the daily exasperation of men whose footing in society rests on compassion, not right, and is liable to be questioned and disputed at every turn by the very offal of mankind, (for such are most of the officials of Van Dieman's Land;) and what is worst of all, disputed with impunity.

Enough. You can well understand that five years of such living death is as much as man can well bear. But for the sanctimonious pretences to clemency, made by the Queen of England's viceroy, I would never have condescended to describe the hardships of our captivity. Almost, I am ashamed to have done so. Do not regard it in the light of a complaint, or statement of "griev-

in the light of a complaint, or statement of "grievances"—God forbid! These things may be clem-

ances"—God forbid! These things may be clemency, or may be vengeance—in either case, I utterly despise and defy them.

But what I wish you most clearly to understand are the nature and requirements of our obligation by parole. Our promise is that we will not ascape while we retain the "comparative liberty" of a ticket of leave. It is a bargain revocable by either carry time—that is next the governor or party at any time—that is to say, the governor or police magistrate can take away our comparative liberty at any moment; and on our side, we can revoke our parole by surrendering ourselves for-mally into custody; for the parole of a prisoner t co-exist with personal custody for a single

instant.

The meaning of our promise, then, is, that we must not escape, if at all, out of the personal custody of the regular convict authorities.

The convict authority with whom we have to deal as the police magistrate of the police district assigned to us for residence. He represents the government here, has his police office in the township, and his police barrack full of armed constables, to enable him to enforce jail discipline in his division of the island—that is, in his ward of the iail; and two years ago an official circular was bies, to enable him to enforce jair discipline in his division of the island—that is, in his ward of the jail; and two years ago an official circular was addressed to us, (Martin and myself.) acquainting us that if we went outside the bounds of our police district without leave, all the police magistrates and chief constables had orders to arrest us, and deal with us as with other prisoners. This magistrate is also the person to whom we must report ourselves once a month; and when the parole of any of us has expired, and needs renewal, it is to him the renewed parole must be given. If we revoke our parole, it is to him we are to surrender ourselves. When Mr. Meagher withdrew his parole, he sent notice of the fact to the police magistrate of his district, who instantly sent constables to arrest him. On a former occasion, Mr. O'Donohoe went personally to the police magistrate, not at his office, but to his private house in the country, and not within office hours, but in the evening—withdrew his parole on the spot, and was on the spot taken into custody. Moreover, on the 6th of January, 1851, (on some newspaper paragraphs appearing with reference to newspaper paragraphs appearing with reference to us and our position.) Mr. Martin wrote both to Sir Wm. Denison and to Mr. Tarieton, police magistrate of Bothwell, a letter containing these words: "I will not revoke my parole without sur-

rendering myself to the police magistrate of my I mention these precedents to show you that it

At each police office the force consists of the poce magistrate himself, the police clerk, the chief onstable of the district and his clerk, (also a constable.) and about eight or ten other constables, armed habitually with batons only, but having mus-kets and bayonets in their office or barrack. Bothwell is near the centre of the island, and between t and any accessible part of the coast lie two three successive cordons of police stations.

Now, I mean to walk into the Bothwell police office in the day time, within business hours, there to revoke my parole formally, and offer myself to be taken into custody, and immediately after to break away if I can, take to the woods and fly. The game, indeed, is neck-or-nothing. I may be killed in the attempt, or intercepted at the coast before I can get on board any vessel. Every nerve will be strained in the pursuit, and if, unfortunate ly, I shall be taken alive, woe to my heart! Possibly I might, in general estimation, satisfy

the terms of my parole somewhat more easily—for instance, by getting myself arrested by the convict authorities, no matter under what pretext, or at what hour or place, most convenient to myself—and then rescuing or purchasing myself out of their hands; for custody and parole are incompatible; and I am sure we should be held justified in giving the narrowest and most literal construction to our promise, under such circumstances. But I choose the more formal method. I am not a good casuist, and prefer making the scoundrels a sent of something over and above what I

All has been said. If I succeed in this enterprise, you will soon see one other hunted fugitive seeking refuge from tyrants at the ever open sancseeking refuge from tyrants at the ever open sanctuary door of your grand republic—mighty nursing mother of Liberty and Justice! cradle of God's evangelists of vengeance! If I fail—farewell!

I will not here enter into the private considerations which render it impossible for me to think of allowing my family to make their home here for nine years to come. Long since I have seen the

nine years to come. Long since I have seen that it was unjust and selfish to permit them to come hither at all. Even for free settlers this country is bad-the worst on earth; but for prisoners and their families it is anathema. Think, my dear friend, of a child of mine being christened, married, buried, here—here in these kingdoms of Dis, and under the poisonous shadow of the British flag! Imagine how our bones would rest in one of these devil's acres they name churchyards! One thing still I have to say, and emphatically:

A man has no right to evade or escape the penalties of his crimes awarded by the laws of his country. Herein I fully agree, always have agreed, with the friend of Crito—"Delade—Pos gar ou; Panu men oun—Delade, Delade." And if the visible presence of my country's sacred laws could stand before me now, as of old it stood and reasoned with the Athenean, I should not know what to answer. But in exact proportion to my reverence for law and right, is my abhor-rence and scorn of sham law—of wrong and outrage done under the false pretence of law. The laws of our country are one thing—the fraudby a foreign enemy of our country, is ar thing. I have never acknowledged that Ireland is governed by British law—only that Irishmen are plundered and murdered under the forms of it; and, for my own part, I was banished and ruined without so much as the form of that false

And now, Reilly, before committing mysely to the hazards of this enterprise, in which undoubtedly I may lose my life. I charge you to make known to my countrymen that with my latest breath I have denied and defied British law.

The Cattle Trade of Texas is growing into considerable importance. New Orleans is the market to which it is directed. During the present market to which it is directed. During the present season about forty thousand head of beeves crossed the Neches river at Beaumont, bound for New Orleans, and large herds have also been shipped from Subine Pass and Indianola. The Galvestom News predicts that, with the advantages of railways, the cattle trade of Texas will equal the whole cotton crop of the State, notwithstanding that the latter increases rapidly from year to year. Many Texan agriculturists are constantly entered Many Texan agriculturists are constantly enter-ing the business of stock raising, which requires little labor and yields large profits.

Two men were arrested at Toledo, Ohio, last week, on a charge of attempting to rob a re-turned Californian. Upon searching them \$1,900 of the \$37,000 stolen from the counter of the bank of the State of New York last month, was found